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Page 3 of 5

$$b) = d, \quad a = \sin(20)$$
$$l(b) = 3 \times (= :C)$$
$$a'(x b) + a = -s'(C)$$

$$a(b = x + y = 3) = C$$
$$t(b = 1 x (+ s h(1C))$$
$$a(5 x)^n + n = 2) = C$$

Unlocking the Power of Trigonometric Functions

SOH CAH TOA

To remember the basic trigonometric functions (sine, cosine, and tangent), use the acronym SOH CAH TOA:

- SOH: Sine = Opposite / Hypotenuse
- CAH: Cosine = Adjacent / Hypotenuse
- TOA: Tangent = Opposite / Adjacent

Other Functions

The other trigonometric functions (cosecant, secant, and cotangent) are reciprocals of sine, cosine, and tangent:

- Cosecant = 1 / Sine
- Secant = 1 / Cosine
- Cotangent = 1 / Tangent