- 4 Red blood cells contain haemoglobin.
  - (a) Oxygen molecules enter red blood cells and bind to haemoglobin.

Glucose molecules can also enter red blood cells.

The table gives some information about these molecules.

Molecule	Properties
Glucose	large, polar molecule
Oxygen	small, non-polar molecule

Describe he	ow oxygen and	alucosa mole	aculas can a	nter red bloo	ط حمااد
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(2)

Oxygen	
	co.uk
Glucose	-tesale.co.
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- Obesity indicators, such as body mass index (BMI), can be used to assess the risk of a person developing coronary heart disease (CHD).
  - (a) The table shows categories of BMI.

ВМІ	Classification
Less than 20	underweight
20–24.9	normal
25–29.9	overweight
30–40	obese
Greater than 40	severely obese

A man has a body mass of 65 kg.

He has a normal BMI.

Calculate the minimum and maximum possible heights for this man in metres.

minimum neignt	n
maximum height	n



- (d) Atherosclerosis is a type of cardiovascular disease (CVD) that causes the narrowing of coronary arteries.
  - (i) How many of the following types of medication would reduce the risk of CVD?

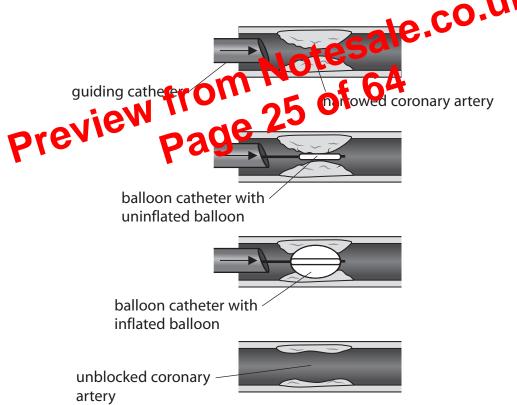
(1)

- anticoagulants
- antihypertensives
- statins
- A none
- **B** one
- C two
- D three

The diagram shows a procedure called balloon angioplasty.

Balloon angioplasty can reduce the immediate risk of a person having a heart attack.

It will not prevent further narrowing of coronary arteries due to atheroscler sis.





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Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(5)(;;;)	A description that makes reference to three of the following:		
1(a)(iii)	closes during diastole (1)	ignore atrial systole	
	• (closes) to prevent backflow of blood (cto Ge heart / (right) ventricle) (1)	reject atrium	
	• opens during γαη tricular systole (CΔ		
	• ONE as blood {is purpoed into / enters} the artery / out of the {hearty ventricle} (1)		
Pri	ventricles (1)		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(b)(i)	vena cava has larger lumen than aorta		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(b)(ii)	B – endothelial cells	
1(b)(ii)	A is incorrect because collagen would not be in contact with blood	
	C is incorrect because epithelial cells would not be in contact with blood	
	D is incorrect because smooth muscle cells would not be in contact with blood	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(c)(i)	<ul> <li>An answer that makes reference to the following:</li> <li>saline / solution with no alcohol / 0.00% alcohol solution</li> </ul>	ignore {(distilled) water / no	
	• saline / solution with no alcohol / 0.00% alcohol solution { solvent / saline} used to dilute alcohol solutions().	alcohol} unqualified	
	to calculate percentage of elsewhich have undergone haemolysis without alcohol being prefer to see if cells undergo haemolysis in absence of alcohol (1)	ALLOW baseline value to compare with alcohol solutions	(2)
Pro	Page		

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
- ( ) (1)	A description that makes reference to two of the following:		
5(a)(i)	• (catalyses) condensation reactions (1)		
	<ul> <li>(catalyses) condensation reactions (1)</li> <li>to {join / bond} DNA (mono)nucleotides the ther (1)</li> </ul>	ALLOW nucleotides unqualified reject RNA nucleotides	
	<ul> <li>forming phosphodics er bonds (between thosphate group and deoxy it ose sugar) (1)</li> </ul>	ignore hydrogen bonds	(2)
Pro	Page		

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
5(a)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to the following:	ALLOW among in DNA monlication	
	(this property of DNA polymerase) would reduce the number of {mutations / faulty alleles (2).	ALLOW errors in DNA replication cause {mutations / change in base sequence / changes in bases}	
Pr	• (ensuring) the colrect {base sequence / allele	ALLOW faulty bases are replaced ALLOW the (original) base sequence is {not changed / restored} ignore errors are corrected	
	(ensuring) the correct {amino acid sequence / polypeptide / protein} is produced (1)	ALLOW incorrect base sequence can result in the production of a {polypeptide with a different primary structure / non-functioning protein} ALLOW description of change in active site shape changing {number of enzyme-substrate complexes formed / rate of reaction}	
	<ul> <li>reducing the chance of {cancer / genetic disease} (1)</li> </ul>	ALLOW uncontrolled cell division ignore disease unqualified	(4)

		Additional Guidance		
Level 1	1-2	An explanation of how the investigation should be modified may be attempted but with limited analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the scientific information. Generalised comments made.  The explanation will contain basic information.  The explanation will contain basic information.	A basic method described with reference to range of enzyme concentrations and use of starch and iodine solutions.  Consideration of one of the following:  • performed at both temperatures – 30°C and 45°C  • variables to be controlled  • how to control at least one variable  • how to measure rate of reaction  • how to calculate rate of reaction	
Level 3	rev	An explanation of the investigation should be modified will be given with occasional evidence of analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the scientific information.  The explanation shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure.	Level 1 plus Consideration of two more of the following:  • performed at both temperatures – 30°C and 45°C  • variables to be controlled  • how to control at least one variable  • how to measure rate of reaction  • how to calculate rate of reaction	
Level 3	5-6	An explanation of how the investigation should be modified is given which is supported throughout by evidence from the analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the scientific information.  The explanation shows a well-developed and sustained line of scientific reasoning which is clear, coherent and logically structured.	A detailed method for a valid investigation which also includes how to calculate rate of reaction from the dependent variable data	

Question Number	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
7(b)(ii)	<ul><li>An answer that makes reference to the following:</li><li>correct risk factor for CHD (1)</li></ul>	e.g. {genetic / family history of	
Pro	• correct risk factor for CHD (1)  • correct risk factor for CHD (1)  Notesale.co.uk  Notesale.co.uk  Page 56 of 64	CHD}, stress, high cholesterol diet, low HDL:LDL, high salt diet, smoking, high blood pressure, lack of exercise / diabetes ignore diet unqualified ignore alcohol unless refer to excess ignore age – unless stated that risk increases with age	(1)