4. MAC address table

Network Access

- 1. Configure and verify VLANs (normal range) spanning multiple switches
- 2. Access ports (data and voice)
- 3. Default VLAN
- 4. Connectivity

Configure and verify interswitch connectivity

- 1. Trunk ports
- 2.802.1Q
- 3. Native VLAN
- 4. Configure and verify Layer 2 discovery protocols (Cisco Discovery Protocol and LLDP)
- 5. Configure and verify (Layer 2/Layer 3) EtherChannel (LACP)
- 6. Describe the need for and basic operations of Rapid PVST+ Spanning Tree Protocol and identify basic operations
- 7. Root port, root bridge (primary/secondary), and other port names
- 8. Port states (forwarding/blocking)
- PortFast benefits
- 10. Describe AP and WLC management access connections (Telnet, SSH, HTTP, HTTPS, console, and TACACS+/RADIUS)

IP Connectivity

11. Interpret the components of routing table

12. Routing protocol code

13. Prefix

14. Network mask

15. Next hop

16. Administrative distance

- 17. Metric
- 18. Gateway of last resort

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Determine how a router makes a forwarding decision by default

- 1. Longest match
- 2. Administrative distance
- 3. Routing protocol metric
- 4. Configure and verify IPv4 and IPv6 static routing

Configure and verify single area OSPFv2

- 1. Neighbor adjacencies
- 2. Point-to-point
- 3. Broadcast (DR/BDR selection)
- 4. Router ID
- 5. Describe the purpose of first hop redundancy protocol

IP Services