Properties of Ammonia

- Ammonia is a compound of nitrogen and will turn damp red litmus paper blue as it is an alkaline gas
- Ammonia is made on a large scale in industry using the **Haber** process:

$$N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \neq 2NH_3(g)$$

Basicity of ammonia

 Ammonia can act as a Brønsted-Lowry base by accepting a proton (H+) using the lone pair of electrons on the nitrogen atom to form an **ammonium ion**:

$$NH_3(aq) + H^+(aq) \rightarrow NH_4^+(aq)$$

• In an aqueous solution of ammonia, an equilibrium mixture is established

$$NH_3(aq) + H_2O(I) = NH_4^+(aq) + OH^-(aq)$$

- Since the position of the equilibrium lies well over to the left the ammonia solution is only weakly esale.co.uk
- There is a higher concentration of ammonia molecules than hydroxide ions in solution
- Ammonia is therefore a weak base

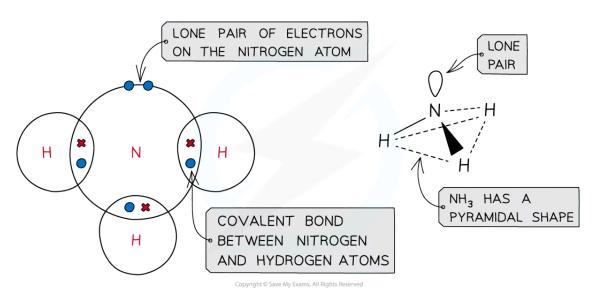
Structure & formation of ammonium ion

The ammonium ion is formed by an acid-base reaction of mr

$$NH_3(aq) + H_2(4) = (4) (aq) + OH_1(aq)$$

 The nitrogen in ammonia is cd toms and has one lone pair of electrons causil 1921 idal shape

Bonding in ammonia



Ammonia has a pyramidal shape due to its lone pair of electrons





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