

RICKETS

Rickets is a disease of growing bones where defective mineralization occurs in both bone and cartilage of epiphyseal growth plate. The condition is associated with biochemical abnormalities, bone deformities, developmental delays, impaired growth and sometimes even seizures.

TYPES

NUTRITIONAL RICKETS

deficiency of vitamin D

KIDNEY RICKETS

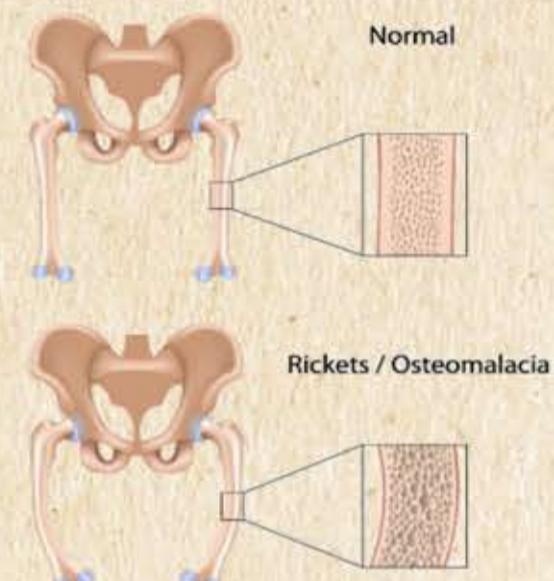
due to kidney damage

HYPOPHOSPHATEMIC RICKETS

bones become pliable leading to the inability of the kidneys

COMMON

AGE 6 TO 24 YEARS,
VEGETARIAN, DARKER SKIN
COLOR, GEOGRAPHICAL
LOCATION (LITTLE EXPOSURE
TO SUNLIGHT), HEREDITARY
RICKETS.



★ SYMPTOMS ★

- PAIN OR TENDERNESS IN THE BONES OF YOUR ARMS, LEGS, PELVIS, OR SPINE
- DEFORMITIES IN TEETH
- IMPAIRED GROWTH AND SHORT STATURE
- BONE FRACTURES
- MUSCLE CRAMPS
- SKELETAL DEFORMITIES

★ PREVENTION ★



★ TREATMENT ★

DIET

vitamin D foods, supplement.

THERAPY

exposing self to sunlight at least 60 mins a week

BRACES & CORRECTIVE SURGERY

external fixators, intramedullary nails, Kirchner's wires, plates and casting.

