

Azolla

Azolla is a heterosporous free-floating aquatic fern distributed in freshwater habitats all over the world (Wagner, 1997). Azolla pinnata, A. nilotica, A. caroliniana, A. filiculoides, A. microphylla and A. rubra are six species of Azolla belonging to family Azollaceae (Mandal et al., 2012). It has symbiotic association with blue green algae, Anabaena azollae and thus capable of fixing atmospheric nitrogen (Tung and Shen, 1981). It is commonly blown as mosquito fern and can be used as biofertiliser in agricultural fields, five ock feed, water purifier (Pabby et al., 2003; Ahilan et al., 2005; Marche al., 2012; Mahalingam et al., 2014). It also reduces the growth of agricultural pool productivity (Pullin and Almazan, 1983). Azolla is a healy preferred source be allotted owing to meet the dietary requirements of the aquatic organisms mainly finfishes and shellfishes (Mandal et al., 2010). Sood et al. (2012) noted the application of Azolla in phytoremediation.