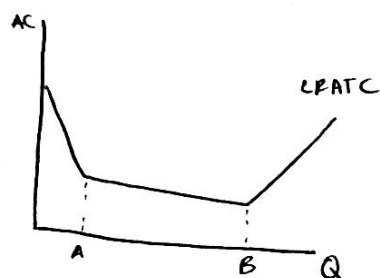


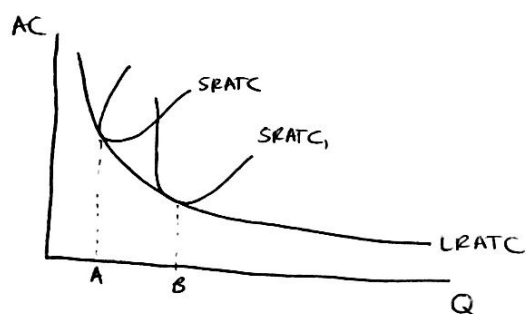
MES :



- At A : reached MES
- firms who are unable to reach MES are not competitive
- Below A $\rightarrow C \uparrow$ $\therefore$ uncompetitive with larger firms whose C are lower as they have reached MES
- the Q to reach MES depend on nature of industry and costs structure
When FC are large compared to VC, $\uparrow Q \rightarrow \downarrow AC$

eg. Market size allowed to absorb £200,000 worth of goods and services and MES = £50,000 then 4 plants could operate at MES

Relationship between SR and LR costs :



- A is lowest point of SRATC. If firm $\uparrow Q$ rapidly to B, its unit costs will $\uparrow$ up the SRATC as it overworks its fixed factors and departs from optimal output.
If firm $\uparrow$ scale of production, as fixed factors $\uparrow$ and used, firm moves down SRATC until reaches LRATC at A where it achieves productive efficiency.

- small firms may decide expansion is not an option and remain the same size and overwork their fixed factors

Reasons : lack of available finance

fear market growth may be temporary

$\therefore$ these firms are not $\downarrow C$ to lowest level but ignore this as long as profits are adequate.

Preview from Notesale.co.uk
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