Disorders of Sexual Pain

Vaginismus:

- a sexual pain disorder characterized by involuntary contractions in the muscles of the outer third of the vagina.
- Severe cases can prevent women from having intercourse.
- ► 20% of women suffer from pains during intercourse but less than 1% has vaginismus.
- Most clinicians agree with CBT and conclude that this is a learned fear response: there are factors, which can set the stage for this disorder. And some of them include anxiety caused by trauma induced during intercourse with an unskilled partner, childhood sexual abuse.
- ► Some of the pain could be caused due to infection or disease leading to rational vaginismus.
- Most women with vaginismus have other sexual disorders.

Dyspareunia:

- Characterized by severe pain in genitals during sexual activity.
- Around 14% of women and 3% men.
- This disorder in women usually has a physical cause, most commonly the injuries sustained during birth.
- Although relationship problems or psychological trains from abuse may contribute to dyspareunia, psychosocial factors alone are specifically responsible

Paraphilias:

- This disorder is third erized by unusual natasies and sexual urges or behaviors, which are verurrent and sexually arousing.
- According to the DSM-IV-TK, paraphilias should be diagnosed only if the fantasies or urges or last for at least 6 months.
- For most paraphilias it must cause great distress and impairment.
- Some people with one paraphilia display others as well.

Fetishism:

- → Characterized by recurrent intense sexual urges, sexual arousing fantasies or behaviors that involve the use of non-living objects, often to the exclusion of other stimuli.
- This disorder usually begins during adolescence, mostly among men and anything can be fetish for example a women's underwear (specially used or washed) shoes and boot are mostly common.

Transvestic fetishism:

- → Also know as transvestism or cross-dressing.
- → It is characterized by urges, fantasies or behaviors involving dressing in the others clothes of the opposite sex to achieve sexual arousal.
- → Transvestism is different from gender identity disorder.
- → The disorder seems to follow the behavioral principals of operant conditions.

Source: Google scholar, Science Direct, PubMed, BPS journal, etc.