

6.1%

9)

Constant

A: \$80,000 10 yrs

Constant

B: \$95,000

8 yrs

$$B = \int_0^T R(t) e^{-kt} dt$$

R(t) is constant, so

$$B = \frac{R(t)}{k} (1 - e^{-kt})$$

$$\frac{80000}{.061} (1 - e^{-.061(10)})$$

$$B = \frac{95000}{.061} (1 - e^{-.061(8)})$$

\$621,342.26

\$601,337

A is the better deal

10)

D R(t) = 8000 - 100t

8 years

16% interest

$$R_2(t) = 76000 - 85t$$

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APV

$$B = \int_0^T R(t) e^{-kt} dt$$

$$= \int_0^8 (8000 - 100t) e^{-kt} dt$$

$$\int 8000 e^{-kt} - 100t e^{-kt}$$

Integration by parts

$$uv - \int v du \quad \left[e^{-kt} \left(\frac{8000}{.16} + \frac{85t}{.16} + \frac{85}{.16^2} \right) \right]_0^8$$

$$u = t \quad v = -\frac{e^{-kt}}{k}$$

$$du = dt \quad dv = -e^{-kt} dt$$

$$-\frac{te^{-kt}}{k} - \int \frac{e^{-kt}}{k} dt$$

$$-\frac{8000e^{-kt}}{k} - 100 \left[-\frac{te^{-kt}}{k} - \frac{e^{-kt}}{k^2} \right]$$

$$e^{-kt} \left[\frac{-8000}{k} + \frac{100t}{k} + \frac{100}{k^2} \right]_0^8$$

$$e^{-.16(8)} \left[\frac{-8000}{.16} + \frac{100(8)}{.16} + \frac{100}{.16^2} \right] - e^0 \left[\frac{-8000}{.16} + \frac{100}{.16^2} \right]$$

$$\boxed{\$34,668} R_1$$

$$e^{-.16(8)} \left[\frac{-76000}{.16} + \frac{85(8)}{.16} + \frac{85}{.16^2} \right]$$

$$- \left[\frac{-76000}{.16} + \frac{85}{.16^2} \right]$$

$$\boxed{\$33,077} R_2$$

difference: \$1590